TOWNSHIP OF PERRY, MICHIGAN SHIAWASSEE COUNTY FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019 AND

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Township Board Township of Perry, Michigan Perry, Michigan

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Perry, Michigan as of and for the year ended March 31, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Perry, Michigan as of March 31, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township of Perry, Michigan's basic financial statements. The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining general fund and individual nonmajor special revenue fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Clark, Schafer, Hackett & Co.

East Lansing, Michigan August 31, 2019

The following is a discussion and analysis of the Township of Perry, Michigan's (Township) financial performance and position, providing an overview of the activities for the year ended March 31, 2019. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the Report of Independent Auditors and with the Township's financial statements, which follow this section. This discussion and analysis provides comparisons with the previous year.

Financial Highlights

Government-Wide

- Total net position was \$1,125,004 (excluding component unit).
- Governmental activities net position was \$1,080,518.
- Business-type activities net position was \$44,486.
- Component unit net position was \$279,977.

Fund Level

- At the close of the fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$747,274.
- The General Fund realized \$30,252 more in revenues than anticipated for the fiscal year. The General Fund expenditures were \$89,503 less than appropriated.
- Overall, the General Fund balance increased by \$9,155 to \$636,216.

Capital and Long-Term Debt Activities

- The primary government issued no new debt issues for the year.
- The primary government did not add any capital improvements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's annual financial report. The annual financial report of the Township consists of the following components: Report of Independent Auditors, Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements (government-wide financial statement, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements), Required Supplementary Information such as budget to actual comparisons for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds, and Other Supplementary Information including Nonmajor Fund financial data.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are made up of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which report information about the Township as a whole, and about its activities. Their purpose is to illustrate if the Township, in its entirety, is better or worse off as a result of this fiscal year's activities. These statements, which include all nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, are reported on the accrual basis of accounting, similar to a private business. This means revenues are accounted for when they are earned and expenses are accounted for when incurred, regardless of when the actual cash is received or disbursed.

The Statement of Net Position presents all of the Township's assets and liabilities, recording the difference between the two as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in net position measure whether the Township's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Township's net position changed during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019. All changes in net position are reported based on the period for which the underlying events gave rise to the change that occurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenue and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will result in cash flows only in future financial periods, such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences.

Both statements report the following activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the Township's basic services are reported under this category. Taxes, charges for services, and intergovernmental revenue primarily fund these services. Most of the Township's general government departments, economic development, Township improvements, road improvements, recreation activities, and other Township-wide elected official operations are reported under these activities.
- **Business-Type Activities** These activities operate like private businesses. The Township charges fees to recover the cost of the services provided. The Sewer Maintenance Fund is an example of these activities.
- **Discretely Presented Component Unit** Discretely Presented Component Units are legally separate organizations for which the Board appoints a majority of the organization's policy board and there is a degree of financial accountability to the Township. One organization is included as a discretely presented component unit: the Downtown Development Authority.

As stated previously, the government-wide statements report on an accrual basis of accounting; however, the governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis. Under modified accrual accounting, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available to pay obligations of the fiscal period; expenditures are recognized when they are due to be paid from available resources.

Due to the different basis of accounting between the fund statements described below and the government-wide statements, pages 17 and 19 present reconciliations between the two statement types. The following summarizes the impact of transitioning from modified accrual to full accrual accounting:

- Capital assets used in governmental activities (depreciable assets) are not reported on the fund financial statements of the governmental fund. Capital assets and depreciation expense are reported on the government-wide statements.
- Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on the government-wide statements, but is reported as expenditures on the fund financial statements of the governmental funds.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements, which begin on page 16, provide information on the Township's major funds and aggregated nonmajor funds. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that the Township uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for a particular purpose. Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statements presentation more familiar.

The basic financial statements report major funds as defined by the GASB in separate columns. Statement 34 defines a "major fund" as the General Fund, and any governmental or enterprise fund which has either total assets, total liabilities, total revenues, or total expenditure/expenses that equal at least 10% of those categories for either the governmental funds or the enterprise funds and where the individual fund total also exceeds 5% of those categories for governmental and enterprise funds combined. The major funds for the Township of Perry, Michigan include the General Fund, Road Fund, Special Assessment Fund, Improvement Fund, and the Land and Building Fund.

All other funds are classified as nonmajor funds and are reported in aggregate by the applicable fund type. The Township includes detailed information on its nonmajor funds in the Other Supplementary Information section of this report.

The Township's funds are divided into two categories – governmental and proprietary – and use different accounting approaches:

- Governmental Funds Most of the Township's basic services are reported in the governmental funds. The focus of these funds is how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out during the course of the fiscal year, and how the balances left at year end are available for spending on future services. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that may be expended in the near future to finance the Township's programs. Governmental fund include the General Fund, as well as Special Revenue Funds (use of fund balance is committed).
- **Proprietary Funds** Services for which the Township charges customers (whether outside the Township structure or a Township department) a fee are generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds use the same accrual basis of accounting used in the government-wide statements and by private businesses. The Township has one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds report activities that provide supplies and/or services to the general public. Examples of these funds are the Sewer Maintenance Funds.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to obtain a full understanding of the detail provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found beginning on page 27 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

Following the Basic Financial Statements is additional Required Supplementary Information (RSI), which further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. RSI includes budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and the Major Special Revenue Funds.

Other Supplementary Information

Other Supplementary Information includes additional financial information related to the combining general fund statements and the Nonmajor Governmental Funds.

Financial Analysis of the Township as a Whole

As previously stated, the Township's combined net position of the primary government was \$1,125,004 at the end of this year's operations. The net position of the governmental activities was \$1,080,518, and the business-type activities were \$44,486.

Summary of Net PositionThe following summarizes the net assets as of March 31, 2019 compared to March 31, 2018:

		nental Activities Iarch 31,		ype Activities rch 31,	Total March 31,			
	2019	2018 (Restated)	2019	2018	2019	2018 (Restated)		
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 752,717 333,244		\$ 44,486	\$ 39,158	\$ 797,203 333,244	\$ 739,425 334,772		
Total assets	1,085,961	1,035,039	44,486	39,158	1,130,447	1,074,197		
Liabilities Current	5,443	7,801			5,443	7,801		
Net position Invested in capital assets — net of related debt Unrestricted	333,24 ² 747,27 ²	· ·	44,486	39,158	333,244 791,760	334,772 731,624		
Total net position	1,080,518	1,027,238	44,486	39,158	1,125,004	1,066,396		
Total liabilities and net position	\$ <u>1,085,961</u>	\$_1,035,039	\$ <u>44,486</u>	\$39,158	\$ <u>1,130,447</u>	\$ <u>1,074,197</u>		

Changes in Net Position

The following shows changes in the Township's net assets for the year ended March 31, 2019 compared to March 31, 2018:

	Governmen	ntal A	ctivities		Business-Type Activities				Total				
	 Mai	rch 31,			March 31,			March			ch 31,		
	2019		2018 (Restated)		2019		2018		2019		2018 (Restated)		
Revenues			(1100000000)								(1105000000)		
Program revenues:													
Charges for services	\$ 27,204	\$	26,381	\$	9,510	\$	4,080	\$	36,714	\$	30,461		
Operating grants and contributions	4,874		5,021						4,874		5,021		
General revenues:													
Property taxes	104,033		101,522						104,033		101,522		
Special assessments	72,830		71,535						72,830		71,535		
State revenue sharing	289,634		281,240						289,634		281,240		
Rentals and investment earnings	11,411		10,268		59		45		11,470		10,313		
Miscellaneous	 18,079		28,567	_				_	18,079		28,567		
Total revenues	 528,065		524,534		9,569		4,125	_	537,634		528,659		
Expenses													
General government	245,406		237,962						245,406		237,962		
Public works	199,723		168,724						199,723		168,724		
Community and economic development	2,935		2,265						2,935		2,265		
Health and welfare	79,225		79,190						79,225		79,190		
Sewer	 				4,241		16,322		4,241		16,322		
Total expenses	 527,289		488,141		4,241		16,322		531,530		504,463		
Change in net position	\$ 776	\$	36,393	\$_	5,328	\$(12,197)	\$_	6,104	\$	24,196		

Governmental Activities

The result of fiscal year ended March 31, 2019, governmental activities was an increase of \$776 in net position to \$1,080,518. There was a prior period adjustment of \$52,504. Of the total governmental activities net position \$333,244 is invested in capital assets less related debt. The balance of \$747,274 is listed as unrestricted, having no legal commitment.

Revenues

The three largest revenue categories were state-shared revenue at 54.8%, property taxes and special assessments at 33.5%, and charges for services at 5.3%. The largest was state funding through the state revenue sharing program. The second largest, property taxes and special assessments, allowed the Township to levy one property tax millage and one special assessment for the year ended March 31, 2019. The millage being for general government operations at .9944 mills, which is not assigned to any particular activity; and the special assessment for ambulance service at \$35 per household, as well as other special assessments for private road maintenance and street lights. The third largest, charges for services, included an administration fee for school tax collection and cemetery interment fees.

Expenses

General government is the largest activity, expending approximately 46.5% of the governmental activities total on items such as financial administration, cemetery, hall, and grounds. Public works is the second largest activity, expending approximately 37.9% of the governmental activities total and includes road and drain maintenance and improvement activities. Health and welfare is the third largest activity, expending approximately 15.0% of the governmental activities total in ambulance service.

Business-Type Activities

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2019, net position in business-type activities increased by \$5,328. Of the business-type activities net position, \$44,486 is listed as unrestricted, having no legal commitment.

Financial Analysis of the Township's Major and Nonmajor Funds

As the Township completed its fiscal year ended March 31, 2019, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$747,274. This is a net increase of \$9,155. The net changes are summarized in the following chart:

		General Fund	Special sessment Fund	onmajor ernmental Fund
Fund balance 3/31/2019 Prior period adjustment	\$	636,216 43,922	\$ 46,305	\$ 64,753
Fund balances 3/31/2018	_	583,139	 45,169	 64,158
Net change	\$	9,155	\$ 1,136	\$ 595

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Township. Unless otherwise required by statute, contractual agreement, or Board policy, all Township revenues and expenditures are recorded in the General Fund. As of March 31, 2019, the General Fund reported an unassigned fund balance of \$247,422. This amount is an increase of \$20,951 from the unassigned fund balance of \$226,471 reported as of March 31, 2018. The original budget called for a \$109,850 decrease in fund balance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Township's budget is a dynamic document. Although adopted prior to April 1 each year, the budget is routinely amended during the course of the year to reflect changing operational demands.

Actual General Fund revenue totaled \$449,102, \$30,252 more than the final amended budget.

Actual Township expenditures and other financing uses for the year ended March 31, 2019 were \$89,503 under budget. General Fund actual expenditures and other financing uses came in at \$439,137, and the final budgeted amount was \$528,700.

Special Assessment Fund

As of March 31, 2019, the Special Assessment Fund reported a fund balance of \$46,305, an increase of \$1,136 from the prior year. Actual revenues and other financing sources were up compared to budget as they had a higher amount assessed during the year. The fund expended \$39,014, less than was budgeted.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets – As of the end of the fiscal year, the Township's primary government had invested \$333,244, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets (see table below). Accumulated depreciation was \$405,908 for the primary government. Depreciation charges for the fiscal year totaled \$10,110 for the primary government. Additional information related to capital assets is detailed in Note 4 of the Financial Statements. Net book value of capital assets as of March 31, 2019 was as follows:

	G	overnmental Activities
Land	\$	210,388
Buildings, net	·	96,024
Cemetery equipment, net		3,080
Furniture and fixtures, net		15,303
Infrastructure, net		8,449
Capital assets, net	\$	333,244

Long-Term Debt – As of March 31, 2019, the Township had no debt outstanding for the primary government.

Township of Perry, Michigan Government Economic Outlook

Revenue sharing is the most significant budgetary concern at this time. The State of Michigan determines the annual revenue sharing, which is outside the Township's control.

Other factors that the township is aware of:

- Property tax revenue does seem to be keeping pace with inflation.
- Utility costs are rising faster than the rate of inflation.

The Township's goal is to continually look for the most efficient and effective methods to maintain and enhance the services that are provided to the public. The Township has a conservative and financially prudent budget for the fiscal year 2019 that also promotes and funds numerous project objectives.

The Township has deliberately made conservative estimates concerning state revenue sharing for the fiscal year 2019 due to the budget constraints at the State level. It has also estimated investment earnings conservatively anticipating a decrease in interest rates.

Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and demonstrate the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we encourage you to contact a Township official at the Township Hall at (517) 625-4597.

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GENERAL PURPOSE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The general purpose financial statements provide a summary overview of the financial position of all funds and account groups and of the operating results of all funds. They also serve as an introduction to the more detailed statements and schedules that follow.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2019

	GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES			BUSINESS- TYPE ACTIVITIES		TOTAL		COMPONENT UNIT	
ASSETS									
Current Assets	Φ.	400 504	Φ.	10.510	ф	472.206	Φ.	224444	
Cash	\$	408,784	\$	43,512	\$	452,296	\$	234,141	
Investments		289,934				289,934			
Receivables				72 0		720			
Accounts		0.040		720		720			
Taxes		9,060		254		9,314			
State	_	44,939	_		_	44,939	_		
Total Current Assets	_	752,717	_	44,486	_	797,203	_	234,141	
Non-Current Assets									
Capital assets not being depreciated		210,388				210,388			
Capital assets being depreciated, net	_	122,856	_		_	122,856	-	54,226	
Total Non-Current Assets	_	333,244	_		_	333,244	-	54,226	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	1,085,961	\$_	44,486	\$_	1,130,447	\$	288,367	
LIABILITIES									
Current Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$	2,793	\$		\$	2,793	\$	8,390	
Hall deposit liability	_	2,650	_		_	2,650	-		
Total Current Liabilities	_	5,443	_		_	5,443	_	8,390	
NET POSITION									
Net investment in									
capital assets		333,244				333,244		54,226	
Restricted		73,864				73,864		,	
Unrestricted		673,410	_	44,486	_	717,896	_	225,751	
TOTAL NET POSITION	_	1,080,518	_	44,486	_	1,125,004	-	279,977	
TOTAL LIABILITIES									
AND NET POSITION	\$_	1,085,961	\$_	44,486	\$_	1,130,447	\$_	288,367	

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STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

				PROGRAM				
				REVENUES				
				CHARGES	OP	ERATING		
				FOR	GR	ANTS AND		
	E	EXPENSES	S	SERVICES	CONT	TRIBUTIONS		
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS								
Primary Government								
Governmental Activities								
General government	\$	245,406	\$	27,204	\$			
Public works		199,723				4,874		
Community and economic development		2,935						
Health and welfare	_	79,225						
Total Governmental Activities		527,289		27,204		4,874		
Business-Type Activities								
Sewer fund		4,241		9,510				
Total Primary Government	_	531,530	_	36,714	_	4,874		
Component Unit								
Downtown Development Authority		12,534						

General Revenues
Taxes and penalties

State shared revenue

Interest income

Hall rental

Special assessments

Metro act

Other revenues

Franchise fees

Trailer tax

Unrealized gain/(loss)

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Position

Restated Net Position, April 1

Net Position, March 31

NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION

	PRIM	MARY C	OVERNMENT				
	GOVERNMENTAL BU ACTIVITIES		COMPON UNIT				
\$	(218,202) (194,849) (2,935) (79,225) (495,211)	\$ 		\$ -	(218,202) (194,849) (2,935) (79,225) (495,211)	\$	
<u>-</u>	(495,211)	_	5,269 5,269	-	5,269 (489,942)		
_		_		-			(12,534)
	104,033 289,634 5,636		59		104,033 289,634 5,695		34,664 221
	5,775 72,830 4,015 6,882 4,811 1,769 602				5,775 72,830 4,015 6,882 4,811 1,769 602		
	495,987		59		496,046		34,885
_	776		5,328	-	6,104		22,351
_	1,079,742		39,158	-	1,118,900		257,626
\$	1,080,518	\$	44,486	\$	1,125,004		279,977

BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MARCH 31, 2019

ASSETS

		1 11						
				SPECIAL		OTHER		TOTAL
		GENERAL	AS	SSESSMENT	GO	VERNMENTAL		GOVERNMENTAL
		FUND		FUND		FUNDS		FUNDS
ASSETS								
Cash	\$	359,709	\$	43,898	\$	5,177	\$	408,784
Investments	Ψ	230,358	Ψ	73,070	Ψ	59,576	Ψ	289,934
Receivables		230,336				39,370		209,934
		5.005		2 155				0.060
Taxes		5,905		3,155				9,060
State	_	44,939			_			44,939
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	640,911	\$	47,053	\$	64,753	\$	752,717
1011121100210	Ψ=	0.10,511	—	.,,,,,,	Ψ=	01,700	Ψ:	702,717
	LIA	BILITIES AN	ID FU	ND BALANO	Œ			
LIABILITIES								
Accounts payable	\$	2,045	\$	748	\$		\$	2,793
Hall deposit liability	_	2,650			_			2,650
TOTAL								
LIABILITIES		4,695		748				5,443
LIABILITIES	_	4,093	_	/48	_			3,443
FUND BALANCE								
Restricted		73,864						73,864
Committed		252,683		46,305		64,753		363,741
Assigned		62,247		7 0,0 00		- 1,7.22		62,247
Unassigned		247,422						247,422
Onassigned	_	247,422	_		_			271,722
TOTAL FUND BALANCE		636,216		46,305		64,753		747,274
		,	_	, -	_	<u> </u>	-	
TOTAL LIABILITIES								
AND FUND								
BALANCE	\$	640,911	\$	47,053	\$	64,753	\$	752,717

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2019

Total fund balance - governmental funds \$ 747,274

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$739,152 and the accumulated depreciation is \$405,908

TOTAL NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$ 1,080,518

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE $\,$

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

		GENERAL	SPECIAL ASSESSMENT	OTHER GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS		TOTAL GOVERN- MENTAL FUNDS
REVENUES						
Taxes and penalties	\$	104,033	\$	\$	\$	104,033
Special assessments		200 624	72,830			72,830
State-shared revenue		289,634				289,634
Charges for services Metro act		27,204				27,204
Trailer tax		4,015 1,769				4,015 1,769
Contributions		1,709		4,874		4,874
Rebates				4,074		4,074
Interest income		5,606	25	5		5,636
Hall rental		5,775		_		5,775
Franchise fees		4,811				4,811
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments				602		602
Other revenues	_	6,255	627			6,882
TOTAL REVENUES	-	449,102	73,482	5,481		528,065
EXPENDITURES						
General government		236,906				236,906
Public works		181,381	12,251	5,636		199,268
Health and welfare		17,975	60,095			78,070
Community and economic development	-	2,935				2,935
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	439,197	72,346	5,636	. <u>.</u>	517,179
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER						
EXPENDITURES	_	9,905	1,136	(155)		10,886
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Operating transfer in				750		750
Operating transfer out	-	(750)				(750)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		(750)		750		
SOURCES (USES)	-	(730)				
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES		0.155	1 126	505		10 006
AND OTHER USES		9,155	1,136	595		10,886
RESTATED FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1	-	627,061	45,169	64,158		736,388
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31	\$	636,216	\$ 46,305	\$ 64,753	\$	747,274

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ 10,886
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are depreciated over their estimated useful lives.	
Less: current year depreciation	 (10,110)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES	\$ 776

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND - SEWER FUND MARCH 31, 2019

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS Cash		\$	43,512
Receivables Accounts Taxes		_	720 254
TOTAL ASSETS		\$	44,486
	NET POSITION		
NET POSITION			

\$ 44,486

Unrestricted

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND - SEWER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

OPERATING REVENUES Charges for services	\$ 9,510
OPERATING EXPENSE Public works	4,241
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	5,269
NONOPERATING REVENUE (LOSS) Interest income	 59
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	5,328
NET POSITION APRIL 1, 2018	 39,158
NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2019	\$ 44,486

See accompanying notes to financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

PROPRIETARY FUND - SEWER FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES

Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$ 9,574 (4,241)
NET CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 5,333
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Investment income - Interest	 59
NET DECREASE IN CASH	5,392
CASH APRIL 1	 38,120
CASH MARCH 31	\$ 43,512
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	
TO NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Operating income Changes in assets Receivables	\$ 5,269 64
NET CASH FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	 \$ 5,333

BALANCE SHEET FIDUCIARY FUNDS - CURRENT TAX MARCH 31, 2019

ASSETS

ASSETS Cash		\$
	LIABILITIES	
LIABILITIES		
Due to other funds		\$

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	234,141
NON CURRENT ASSETS Capital assets being depreciated, net TOTAL ASSETS	\$ <u></u>	54,226 288,367
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$	8,390
NET POSITION Net investment in capital assets Unrestricted	_	54,226 225,751
TOTAL NET POSITION	_	279,977
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION	\$	288,367

COMPONENT UNIT - DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

				GOVE	ERNMENTAL
		PROGRAM	M REVENUES	AC	CTIVITIES
				NET	(EXPENSE)
		CHARGES	OPERATING	REV	ENUE AND
		FOR	GRANTS AND	CH	ANGES IN
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Component Unit	EXPENSES	SERVICES	CONTRIBUTIONS	S NE	T ASSETS
Downtown Development Authority	\$ 12,534	\$	\$	\$	(12,534)
General Revenues					
Property taxes					34,664
Interest					221
Total General Revenues					34,885
CHANGE IN NET POSITION					22,351
NET POSITION, APRIL 1					257,626
NET POSITION, MARCH 31				\$	279,977

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Township operates under an elected Township Board, which consists of five members. The Township provides services to its more than 4,000 residents in many areas including public safety, fire protection, planning, and general and administrative services.

The accounting policies of the Township of Perry, Michigan, conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

A. Reporting Entity

The Township has considered all potential component units in evaluating how to define the Township for financial reporting purposes. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The basic criteria include the appointment of a voting majority of the governing board of the unit, legal separation of the Township and the component unit, fiscal independence of the unit, whether exclusion of the unit would make the Township's financial statements misleading, and whether there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on the Township.

The financial entity of the Township of Perry, Michigan includes all funds and account groups of the Township.

B. <u>Discretely Presented Component Unit</u>

Downtown Development Authority

The Downtown Development Authority, which was established pursuant to the provisions of Michigan Law (MCL 397.210), is governed by nine board members. Board members are appointed by the Township Board. The Downtown Development Authority is fiscally dependent upon the Township because the Board approves its budget, levies taxes, and must approve any debt issuance.

C. Joint Venture

Perry – Morrice Cooperative Recycling Program (ended during fiscal year 2018/2019)

The Township of Perry, Michigan, along with the City of Perry, Shiawassee County, and the Village of Morrice, has entered into an agreement to create and operate a cooperative recycling program for the benefit of the residents of the area. The program is governed by an advisory panel consisting of two representatives from each municipality. Appointments, terms, and compensation are at the sole discretion of the individual municipality. The program has been reported as a fund in the Township's financial statements due to the Township agreeing to administer the financial aspects. Each participating municipality made an initial contribution based on population (Township of Perry 54.6%, City of Perry 31.8%, and Village of Morrice 13.6%) totaling \$5,000.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

D. Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government of the Township of Perry, Michigan. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for services. The primary government of the Township of Perry in reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the Township of Perry the primary government, is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. In the individual fund statements and schedules, the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements are also reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are reported when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The length of time used for "available" for purposes of revenue recognition in the governmental fund financial statements is 60 days. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures and compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statements - Continued

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Township of Perry, Michigan.

The Township reports deferred inflows on its governmental funds balance sheet. Deferred inflows arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Resources are considered available if they are collected during the current fiscal year or soon enough thereafter to be used in payment of current year liabilities - defined as expected to be received within sixty (60) days of year end.

The Township of Perry, Michigan reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those to be accounted for in another fund.
- Special Assessment Fund is used to account for monies received and disbursed for maintenance of the street lights, Thornapple Road maintenance, and ambulance services.

The Township of Perry, Michigan reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

- The Cemetery Fund is used to account for monies received and disbursed for the maintenance of the Township's cemetery.
- The Recycling Program Fund is used to account for monies received and disbursed for the operation of a cooperative recycling program.

The Township of Perry, Michigan reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund accounts for sewer services to the residents of the Township.
 Al activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not limited to administration and operations.

All proprietary funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. The revenues are recognized as they are incurred.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

E. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statements - Concluded

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from provided services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expense for enterprise funds and internal service funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Additionally, the Township of Perry, Michigan reports the following fund types:

• The Agency Fund is used to receive the Township's current tax and to distribute such monies to the local school districts, State, County, and Township Funds.

F. Cash and Investments

The Township's cash is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and non-negotiable certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less. All investments are stated at fair market value.

G. Receivables

Receivables have been recognized for all significant amounts due the Township for charges for services, special assessments, and other various receivables. No allowances have been made for uncollectible amounts, because if they remain unpaid, most delinquent receivables can be added to the tax roll and become a lien against the property.

H. Due from Other Governmental Units

Due from other governmental units consists of amounts due from the State of Michigan for various payments.

I. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (e.g. streets, bridges, and sidewalks), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are not recorded in the governmental funds. Instead, capital assets are reflected as expenditures in the governmental funds. Capital assets are defined by the Township of Perry, Michigan as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

I. Capital Assets - Concluded

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value on the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used is charged as an expense against their operations in government-wide statements and all proprietary financial statements. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the government-wide and proprietary statement of net position. The straight-line deprecation method is applied over the estimated useful life of capital assets.

The straight-line depreciation method is used for all depreciable capital assets. The estimated useful lives for capital assets are displayed in the table below:

ASSET CLASS	DEPRECIABLE LIFE
Land	n/a
Buildings	40 years
Cemetery equipment	7-15 years
Office equipment	7 years
Furniture and fixtures	5-7 years
Infrastructure	5-30 years

J. <u>Long-Term Liabilities</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities and business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using straight line amortization. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are reported as deferred charges and amortized over the term of the related debt.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources. Bond discounts are reported as other financing uses. Issuances costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt received, are reported as debt service.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

At the end of the current fiscal year, there was no deferred inflows or outflows.

L. Fund Balance

Fund Equity

The Township has implemented GASB issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications of reserved, designated, and unreserved/undesignated were replaced with five new classifications — non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- 1. Non-spendable fund balance (such as inventory, prepaid expenditures or long-term receivables) Amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- 2. Restricted fund balance Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as taxpayers, grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Continued

L. Fund Balance – Concluded

- 3. Committed fund balance Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Township itself, using its highest level of decision making authority (Board Township). To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Township takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint.
- 4. Assigned fund balance Amounts the Township intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates the authority.
- 5. Unassigned fund balance Amounts that do not fall into any other category above. This is the residual classification for amounts in the General Fund and represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes in the General Fund. In other governmental funds, only negative unassigned amounts are reported, if any, and represent expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeding the amounts previously restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The Township would typically use restricted fund balance first, followed by committed resources and then assigned resources as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of those classified funds.

M. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is divided into three components.

- Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt This category consists
 of the historical cost of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and
 less any debt that remains outstanding that was used to finance those
 assets.
- Restricted Net Assets Net assets are considered restricted if their use is constrained to a particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organization such as federal or state laws.
- Unrestricted All other net assets are reported in this category.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES – Concluded

N. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978, Section 18(1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated in budget resolutions of the governing body.

In the body of the financial statements, the Township's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on a functional basis. The approved budgets of the Township for those budgetary funds are adopted at the activity level, as shown in the combining and individual fund financial statements.

During the fiscal year, the Township did incur expenditures in budgetary funds which were in excess of the amount appropriated.

The Township's appropriation resolution is generally passed during the March preceding the year in which the planned expenditures relate. Subsequent amendments are made to avoid unfavorable variances from the original budget. Related resolutions state the purpose and amount of the budget changes. The Township Supervisor has the responsibility to enforce the budget. Unused appropriations do not carry forward to the next fiscal year.

O. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

P. Statement of Cash Flows

In the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are defined as cash equivalents.

Q. <u>Comparative Data</u>

Comparative data for the prior year has not been presented in each of the statements since their inclusion would make the statements unduly complex and difficult to read.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 2: **PROPERTY TAXES**

The 2018 property tax revenue includes property taxes levied principally on December 1, 2017, and substantially collected in February, 2019. The total 2019 levy for the Township was \$87,255 for general operating purposes.

The Township is authorized by Municipal Finance Law of the State to levy taxes up to \$1.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general governmental operating purposes.

Although the local governmental unit's 2018 ad valorem tax is levied and collectible of December 1, 2018, it is the local governmental unit's policy to recognize revenue from the current tax levy in the subsequent year or the current year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made "available" for the financing of operations. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2018 taxable valuation of the local governmental unit totaled an estimated \$97,774,641, on which Ad valorem taxes levied consisted of .9944 mills for local governmental operating purposes. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund financial statements as property tax revenue.

Pertinent tax dates are as follows:

Lien date 12/01/18Levy date 12/01/18Due date without penalty 02/14/19Collection date 07/01/18 - 02/28/19

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Act 196, P. A. 1997, authorizes the Township to deposit and invest in the following:

- 1. Bonds, securities and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- 2. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of state or federally chartered savings and loan association, savings bank or credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States government and which maintains a principal office or branch office located in this State, under the laws of the State or the United States, but only if the bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union is eligible to be depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under section 5 or 6 of Act 105, P.A. 1855, as amended (MCL 21.145 and 21.146).
- 3. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three (3) highest classifications established by not less than two (2) standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

- 4. The United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements.
- 5. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- 6. Mutual fund composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

	BOOK BALANCE	BANK BALANCE	FDIC/SIPC INSURED
Cash deposits Investments Undeposited funds	\$ 675,636 289,934 10,801	\$ 788,944 289,934	\$ 250,000 289,934
	\$976,371	\$ <u>1,078,878</u>	\$539,934
Financial Statement Presentation:	:		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	INVESTMENTS (CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT)	INVESTMENTS (MARKETABLE SECURITIES)	TOTAL

	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	INVESTMENTS (CERTIFICATES OF DEPOSIT)	INVESTMENTS (MARKETABLE SECURITIES)	TOTAL
Governmental funds Proprietary funds Component units	\$ 408,784 43,512 234,141	\$ 230,358	\$ 59,576	\$ 698,718 43,512 234,141
	\$686,437	\$230,358	\$ <u>59,576</u>	\$ 976,371

Deposits

There is a custodial credit risk as it relates to deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. As of March 31, 2019, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits were \$976,371 and the bank balance was \$1,078,878, of which \$539,934 was covered by federal depository insurance or Securities Investor Protection Corp. The remaining balance of \$538,944 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Due to significantly higher cash flow at certain periods during the year, the amount the Township held as cash and cash equivalents increased significantly. As a result, the amount of uninsured and uncollateralized cash and cash equivalents were substantially higher at these peak periods than at year-end.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

Investments

As of March 31, 2019, the carrying amounts and market values for the investments were as follows:

WEIGHTED

INVESTMENT CARRYING AVERAGE

TYPE AMOUNT MATURITY RATING PERCENTAGE

Insured or registered for which the securities are held by the Township's agent in the Township's name:

Fair Value Measurements

The Township is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.

Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs.

Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayments speeds, credit risk and

others.

Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In

situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant, unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the Township's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best

information available.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 3: CASH AND INVESTMENTS – Concluded

The Township has the following recurring fair value measurements as of March 31, 2019:

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES MEASURED AT FAIR VALUE ON A RECURRING BASIS

Fair Value Measurement Using									
	Quoted Prices	Significant							
	In Active	Other	Significant						
Balance March	Markets for Identical Assets	Observable Inputs	Unobservable Inputs						
31, 2019	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)						
\$ 59,576	\$ 59,576	\$	\$						

Interest Rate Risk

The Township has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Township made no investments that have interest rate risk during the current fiscal year.

Credit Risk

Statutes limit investments as stated above. The Township's investment policy limits its investment choices beyond the statute. The Township's investment policy limits investments to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The authority to make investment decisions has been granted to the Treasurer.

Concentration of Credit Risk

State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The Township's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 4: CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in governmental capital assets are as follows:

В	ESTATED ALANCE, APRIL 1	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE, MARCH 31
Capital assets not				
being depreciated				
Land \$_	210,388	\$	\$	\$210,388
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	335,905			335,905
Cemetery equipment	42,509			42,509
Furniture and fixtures	136,710			136,710
Public infrastructure	13,640			13,640
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	528,764			528,764
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	234,321	5,560		239,881
Cemetery equipment	38,274	1,155		39,429
Furniture and fixtures	118,467	2,940		121,407
Public infrastructure	4,736	455		5,191
Total accumulated				
depreciation	395,798	10,110		405,908
Total capital assets being				
depreciated - net	132,966	10,110		122,856
NET CAPITAL ASSETS \$_	343,354	\$(10,110_)	\$	\$333,244

Depreciation expense for the governmental activities was charged to the following functions and activities of the primary government:

GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITY	AMOUNT
General government Public works Health and welfare	\$ 8,500 455
Total	\$10,110

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 4: **CAPITAL ASSETS** – Concluded

A summary of changes in component unit assets are as follows:

	BALANCE, APRIL 1	ADDITIONS	DELETIONS	BALANCE, MARCH 31
Capital assets not being depreciated Street lights	\$59,731	\$	\$	\$59,731
Less: accumulated depreciati Street lights	on3,811	1,694		5,505
NET CAPITAL ASSETS	\$55,920	\$(1,694_)	\$	\$54,226

NOTE 5: **OPERATING TRANSFERS**

FUND FUND
TRANSFERRED TRANSFERRED

FROM AMOUNT TO PURPOSE

General fund \$ 750 Cemetery For cash flow purposes

NOTE 6: INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

The following is a summary of the interfund receivables and payables as of March 31, 2019:

DUE FROM DUE TO

Trust and Agency <u>\$ 18,284</u> General <u>\$ 18,284</u>

Interfund loans were made for cash flow purposes and were combined with cash balances for the fund financial statements.

NOTE 7: RISK MANAGEMENT

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. It is the policy of the Township to purchase commercial insurance for most risks of loss to which it is exposed.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 8: **DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN**

Plan Description

The Township started a defined contribution pension plan on July 1, 1991 for all officials and employees that earn greater than \$600 and are not temporary employees, such as, but not limited to, election workers. The plan is administered by the Township through Municipal Retirement System (MRS), an agent multiple-employer defined contribution pension plan that covers all employees of the Township, unless specifically exempted, with more than one year of service. MRS is authorized and operated under State law, Act 135 of the Public Acts of 1945 as amended. The system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The current plan is a defined contribution plan requiring contributions by the Township of 15% of each employee's base salary.

Annual Pension Cost

For the year ended March 31, 2019, the Township's pension contribution of \$16,449 for the plan was equal to the Township's required contribution.

NOTE 9: UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

GASB Statement No. 83, Certain Asset Retirement Obligations, was issued which will address accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations – legally enforceable liabilities associated with retirement of a tangible capital asset. We do not expect this standard to have any significant effect on the Township.

GASB Statement No. 84, Fiduciary Activities, was issued which will enhance consistency and comparability by (1) establishing specific criteria for identifying activities that should be reported as fiduciary activities and (2) clarifying whether and how business-type activities should report their fiduciary activities. We do not expect this standard to have any significant effect on the Township.

GASB Statement No. 87, *Leases*, was issued which will establish a single model for reporting all leases (including those previously classified as operating and capital). Lessees will now report offsetting intangible assets and lease liabilities equal to the present value of future lease payments. Lessors will report offsetting lease receivable and deferred inflows of resources. We do not expect this standard to have any significant effect on the Township.

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, was issued which will provide guidance on note disclosures related to debt, including direct borrowing and direct placements. It also clarified which liabilities governments should include when disclosing information related to debt. We do not expect this standard to have any significant effect on the Township.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Continued MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 10: DETAILS OF FUND BALANCE CATEGORIES AND CLASSIFICATIONS

	(GENERAL FUND	~-	PECIAL C ESSMENT	GOVI	OTHER ERNMENT FUND	AL	TOTAL
FUND BALANCES								
Restricted for								
Roads	\$	73,864	\$		\$		\$	73,864
Committed for								
Roads		40,936						40,936
Improvement		110,688						110,688
Land and Building		101,059						101,059
Special Assessments				46,305				46,305
Cemetery				,		64,753		64,753
Assigned						,		,
Investment		62,247						62,247
Unassigned	_	247,422			_		_	247,422
TOTAL FUND								
BALANCES	\$_	636,216	\$	46,305	\$	64,753	\$_	747,274

NOTE 11: EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS IN BUDGETARY FUNDS

P.A. 621 of 1978, section 18(1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated.

In the body of the financial statements, the Township's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on a functional basis. The approved budgets of the Township for these budgetary funds were adopted to the activity level.

During the year ended March 31, 2019, the Township did incur expenditures in certain budgetary funds that were in excess of the amounts appropriated.

	В	UDGET	ACTUAL	VAR	IANCE
General government Cemetery	\$	52,600	\$ 53,192	\$(592)
Special Assessment					
Clifford Field Lights		3,400	3,473	(73)
Rose Blvd Lights		1,800	1,839	(39)
Light at Large		675	855	(180)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS – Concluded MARCH 31, 2019

NOTE 12: **RESTATEMENT**

The financial statements have been restated to correctly apply a State of Michigan ruling for revenue recognition of state shared revenue. As a result of this restatement the beginning fund balance of the general fund increased from \$583,139 to \$627,061, an increase of \$43,922.

The government wide financial statements were affected by the same restatement mentioned above. In addition, fixed assets were purchased directly by a grant in the prior period but they were not capitalized. The change to net position, net of depreciation was \$8,582. The beginning net position increased from \$1,027,238 to \$1,079,742, an increase of \$52,504, as a result of the above mentioned items.

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REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

	BUDGETE ORIGINAL	D A	MOUNTS FINAL		ACTUAL	FAV	ARIANCE VORABLE AVORABLE)
REVENUES							
	\$ 98,250	\$	98,250	\$	104,033	\$	5,783
State-shared revenue	275,000	_	275,000	7	289,634	*	14,634
Charges for services	20,700		20,700		27,204		6,504
Metro Act	3,000		3,000		4,015		1,015
Trailer tax	1,600		1,600		1,769		169
Franchise fees	4,500		4,500		4,811		311
Other revenues	2,150		2,150		6,255		4,105
Interest	2,650		2,650		5,606		2,956
Hall rental	11,000	_	11,000	_	5,775		(5,225)
TOTAL REVENUES	418,850	_	418,850	_	449,102		30,252
EXPENDITURES							
Township board	5,800		5,800		3,000		2,800
Supervisor	19,800		19,800		18,757		1,043
Elections	16,200		16,200		10,039		6,161
Audit	6,000		6,000		5,100		900
Tax preparation	9,500		9,500		8,850		650
Assessor	21,600		21,600		19,106		2,494
Legal	5,300		5,300		989		4,311
Clerk	31,200		31,200		28,122		3,078
Board of review	1,450		1,450		1,315		135
Treasurer	31,200		31,200		25,900		5,300
Building and grounds	37,250		37,250		23,792		13,458
Cemetery	52,600		52,600		53,192		(592)
General government	74,750		74,750		38,744		36,006
Emergency services	20,000		20,000		17,975		2,025
Planning Commission	3,600		3,600		1,626		1,974
Drains at large	15,000		15,000		13,954		1,046
Roads	170,950		170,950		167,427		3,523
Engineering	5,000		5,000				5,000
Recycling	1,500	_	1,500	_	1,309		191
Total Expenditures	528,700	_	528,700	_	439,197		89,503
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(109,850)		(109,850)		9,905		119,755

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL - Concluded

GENERAL FUND

OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Operating transfer in Operating transfer out	_		_	_	_	30,000 (30,750)	_	30,000 (30,750)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	_		_		_	(750)	_	(750)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND								
OTHER USES		(109,850)		(109,850)		9,155		119,005
RESTATED FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1	_	627,061	_	627,061	_	627,061		
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31	\$_	517,211	\$_	517,211	\$_	636,216	\$	119,005

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SPECIAL ASSESSMENT FUND

		BUDGETE	D AN	MOUNTS			VARIANCE FAVORABLE			
	-	-				ACTUAL		(UNFAVORABLE)		
REVENUES										
Special assessments	\$	70,800	\$	70,800	\$	72,830	\$	2,030		
Interest		10		10		25		15		
Other revenue	_	550	_	550	_	627	_	77_		
Total revenues	_	71,360		71,360	_	73,482	_	2,122		
EXPENDITURES										
Thornapple Drive		8,000		8,000		3,612		4,388		
Clifford Fields lights		3,400		3,400		3,473		(73)		
Bennet Drive lights		2,600		2,600		2,472		128		
Rose Blvd lights		1,800		1,800		1,839		(39)		
Lansing Road lights		5,000		5,000				5,000		
Lights at large		675		675		855		(180)		
Ambulance		62,000		62,000		60,095		1,905		
Contingency	_	27,885	_	27,885	_		_	27,885		
Total Expenditures	_	111,360	_	111,360	_	72,346	_	39,014		
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER										
EXPENDITURES	_	(40,000)	_	(40,000)	_	1,136	_	41,136		
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1	_	45,169	_	45,169	_	45,169	_			
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31	\$	5,169	\$_	5,169	\$_	46,305	\$_	41,136		

COMBINING STATEMENTS

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET GENERAL FUND MARCH 31, 2019

ASSETS

	(GENERAL FUND		AND AND BUILDING		ROAD FUND	IM	MPROVEMENT FUND	•	TOTAL
ASSETS										
Cash Investments	\$	182,990 62,247	\$	43,636 57,423	\$	114,800	\$	110,688	\$	341,426 230,358
Taxes receivable Due from other funds		5,905		·				·		5,905
Due from State		18,283 44,939			_		_			18,283 44,939
TOTAL ASSETS	\$_	314,364	\$_	101,059	\$_	114,800	\$_	110,688	\$	640,911
]	LIABILITIE	S AN	ID FUND B	ALA	ANCE				
LIABILITIES										
Accounts payable Deposit payable	\$	2,045 2,650	\$		\$		\$		\$	2,045 2,650
TOTAL LIABILITIES	_	4,695	_		-		_		-	4,695
FUND BALANCE										
Restricted						73,864				73,864
Committed Assigned		62,247		101,059		40,936		110,688		252,683 62,247
Unassigned		247,422			_		_		_	247,422
TOTAL FUND BALANCE	_	309,669	_	101,059	_	114,800	_	110,688	-	636,216
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$_	314,364	\$	101,059	\$_	114,800	\$_	110,688	\$	640,911

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES,

AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

GENERAL FUND

		GENERAL FUND		LAND AND BUILDING		ROAD FUND	IN	MPROVEMENT FUND	•	TOTAL
REVENUES										
Taxes and penalties	\$	104,033	\$		\$		\$		\$	104,033
State-shared revenue	Ψ	289,634	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	289,634
Charges for services		27,204								27,204
Metro Act		4,015								4,015
Trailer tax		1,769								1,769
Interest		3,797		332		114		1,363		5,606
Hall rental		5,775		202				1,000		5,775
Franchise fees		4,811								4,811
Other revenues	_	6,255							_	6,255
TOTAL REVENUES	-	447,293		332		114		1,363	-	449,102
EXPENDITURES										
Township board		3,000								3,000
Supervisor		18,757								18,757
Elections		10,039								10,039
Audit		5,100								5,100
Tax preparation		8,850								8,850
Assessor		19,106								19,106
Legal		989								989
Clerk		28,122								28,122
Board of review		1,315								1,315
Treasurer		25,900								25,900
Building and grounds		23,792								23,792
Cemetery		53,192								53,192
General government		38,744								38,744
Emergency services		17,975								17,975
Planning Commission		1,626								1,626
Drains at large		13,954								13,954
Roads		167,427								167,427
Recycling	_	1,309					_		_	1,309
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	-	439,197					_	_	_	439,197
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF							•		_	
REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		8,096		332		114		1,363		9,905
		8,090		332		114		1,303		9,903
OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES)										
Operating transfer in (out)	_	(30,750)		10,000		20,000	-	_	_	(750)
EXCESS OF REVENUES AND										
OTHER SOURCES OVER										
EXPENDITURES AND										
OTHER USES		(22,654)		10,332		20,114		1,363		9,155
RESTATED FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1		332,323		90,727		94,686		109,325		627,061
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31	\$	309,669	\$	101,059	\$	114,800	\$	110,688	\$	636,216
	=						=		=	

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NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND

A Special Revenue Fund is used to finance particular activities and is created out of receipts of specific taxes or other earmarked revenues. Such funds are authorized by statutory or charter provisions to pay for certain activities with some special form of continuing revenues.

The Special Revenue Fund of the Township is: Cemetery and Recycling Program Funds.

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUND BALANCE SHEET MARCH 31, 2019

	ASSET	S				
	CEME FU		RECYCLING PROGRAM FUND	TOTAL		
ASSETS Cash	\$6	4,753 \$	S	\$	64,753	
	LIABILITIES AND FU	UND BALANC	CE			
LIABILITIES Accounts payable	\$		6	\$		
FUND BALANCE Committed	6	4,753			64,753	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	\$ <u> 6</u>	4,753 \$	S	\$	64,753	

NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2019

	CEMETERY FUND			ECYCLING ROGRAM FUND	TOTAL NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS		
REVENUES	¢		φ.	4.07.4	Φ	4.074	
Contributions Rebates	\$		\$	4,874	\$	4,874	
Grants							
Interest income		4		1		5	
Unrealized gain (loss) on investments		602				602	
TOTAL REVENUES		606		4,875		5,481	
EXPENDITURES							
Public works				5,636		5,636	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES		606		(761)		(155)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES							
Operating transfer in		750				750	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES AND OTHER SOURCES OVER EXPENDITURES AND							
OTHER USES		1,356		(761)		595	
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1		63,397		761		64,158	
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31	\$	64,753	\$		\$	64,753	