

Township of Perry

Shiawassee County, Michigan Financial Statements March 31, 2023 with Independent Auditors' Report

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Township of Perry Board Perry, Michigan

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Perry as of and for the year ended March 31, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Township of Perry's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the aggregate discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Township of Perry, as of March 31, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP).

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the Township of Perry, and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Township of Perry's, ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Township of Perry's internal control. Accordingly, no such
 opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Township of Perry's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with GAAS, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Township of Perry's basic financial statements. The combining general fund financial statements, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with GAAS. In our opinion, the combining general fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Clark, Schaefer, Hackett, & Co.

East Lansing, Michigan September 29, 2023 The following is a discussion and analysis of the Township of Perry's (Township) financial performance and position, providing an overview of the activities for the year ended March 31, 2023. This analysis should be read in conjunction with the Report of Independent Auditors and with the Township's financial statements, which follow this section. This discussion and analysis provide comparisons with the previous year.

Financial Highlights

Government-Wide

- Total net position was \$1,517,688 (excluding component unit).
- Governmental activities net position was \$1,477,073.
- Business-type activities net position was \$40,615.
- Component unit net position was \$342,002.

Fund Level

- At the close of the fiscal year, the Township's governmental funds reported a combined ending fund balance of \$1,164,584.
- The General Fund realized \$184,770 more in revenues than anticipated for the fiscal year. The General Fund expenditures were \$327,941 less than appropriated.
- Overall, the General Fund balance increased by \$21,725 to \$1,008,800.

Capital and Long-Term Debt Activities

- The primary government issued no new debt issues for the year.
- The primary government added no new capital assets for the year.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis are intended to serve as an introduction to the Township's annual financial report. The annual financial report of the Township consists of the following components: Independent Auditors' Report, Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Basic Financial Statements (government-wide financial statement, fund financial statements, and notes to the financial statements), Required Supplementary Information such as budget to actual comparisons for the General Fund and Major Special Revenue Funds, and Other Supplementary Information including combining financial data.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are made up of the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which report information about the Township as a whole, and about its activities. Their purpose is to illustrate if the Township, in its entirety, is better or worse off as a result of this fiscal year's activities. These statements, which include all nonfiduciary assets and liabilities, are reported on the accrual basis of accounting, similar to a private business. This means revenues are accounted for when they are earned and expenses are accounted for when incurred, regardless of when the actual cash is received or disbursed.

The Statement of Net Position presents all of the Township's assets and liabilities, recording the difference between the two as "net position." Over time, increases or decreases in net position measure whether the Township's financial position is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the Township's net position changed during the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023. All changes in net position are reported based on the period for which the underlying events gave rise to the change that occurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Therefore, revenue and expenses are reported in these statements for some items that will result in cash flows only in future financial periods, such as uncollected taxes and earned but unused compensated absences.

Both statements report the following activities:

- Governmental Activities Most of the Township's basic services are reported under this category. Taxes, charges for services, and intergovernmental revenue primarily fund these services. Most of the Township's general government departments, economic development, Township improvements, road improvements, recreation activities, and other Township-wide elected official operations are reported under these activities.
- **Business-Type Activities** These activities operate like private businesses. The Township charges fees to recover the cost of the services provided. The Sewer Fund is the Township's only business-type activity.
- **Discretely Presented Component Unit** Discretely Presented Component Units are legally separate organizations for which the Board appoints a majority of the organization's policy board and there is a degree of financial accountability to the Township. One organization is included as a discretely presented component unit: The Downtown Development Authority.

As stated previously, the government-wide statements report on an accrual basis of accounting; however, the governmental funds report on a modified accrual basis. Under modified accrual accounting, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available to pay obligations of the fiscal period; expenditures are recognized when they are due to be paid from available resources.

Due to the different basis of accounting between the fund statements described below and the government-wide statements, pages 13 and 14 present reconciliations between the two statement types. The following summarizes the impact of transitioning from modified accrual to full accrual accounting:

- Capital assets used in governmental activities (depreciable assets) are not reported on the fund financial statements of the governmental fund. Capital assets and depreciation expense are reported on the government-wide statements.
- Capital outlay spending results in capital assets on the government-wide statements but is reported as expenditures on the fund financial statements of the governmental funds.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements, which begin on page 13, provide information on the Township's major funds and aggregated nonmajor funds. A fund is a fiscal and accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts that the Township uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for a particular purpose. Traditional users of governmental financial statements will find the fund financial statements presentation more familiar.

The basic financial statements report major funds as defined by the GASB in separate columns. Statement 34 defines a "major fund" as the General Fund, and any governmental or enterprise fund which has either total assets, total liabilities, total revenues, or total expenditure/expenses that equal at least 10% of those categories for either the governmental funds or the enterprise funds and where the individual fund total also exceeds 5% of those categories for governmental and enterprise funds combined. The major funds for the Township of Perry include the General Fund, and the Special Assessment Fund.

All other funds are classified as nonmajor funds and are reported in aggregate.

The Township's funds are divided into two categories – governmental and proprietary – and use different accounting approaches:

- Governmental Funds Most of the Township's basic services are reported in the governmental funds. The focus of these funds is how cash and other financial assets that can be readily converted to cash flow in and out during the course of the fiscal year, and how the balances left at year end are available for spending on future services. Consequently, the governmental fund financial statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that may be expended in the near future to finance the Township's programs. Governmental fund includes the General Fund, as well as Special Revenue Funds (use of fund balance is committed).
- Proprietary Funds Services for which the Township charges customers (whether outside the Township structure or a Township department) a fee is generally reported in proprietary funds. Proprietary funds use the same accrual basis of accounting used in the government-wide statements and by private businesses. The Township has one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds report activities that provide supplies and/or services to the general public. The fund is the Sewer Fund.

Notes to the Financial Statements

The Notes to the Financial Statements provide additional information that is essential to obtain a full understanding of the detail provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes can be found beginning on page 20 of this report.

Required Supplementary Information

Following the Basic Financial Statements is additional Required Supplementary Information (RSI), which further explains and supports the information in the financial statements. RSI includes budgetary comparison schedules for the General Fund and the Major Special Revenue Funds.

Other Supplementary Information

Other Supplementary Information includes additional financial information related to the combining general fund statements.

Financial Analysis of the Township as a Whole

As previously stated, the Township's combined net position of the primary government was \$1,517,688 at the end of this year's operations. The net position of the governmental activities was \$1,477,073, and the business-type activities were \$40,615.

Summary of Net Position

The following summarizes the net position as of March 31, 2023 compared to March 31, 2022:

		Governmental Activities March 31,		Business-Type Activities March 31,		Γ <u>otal</u> rch 31,
	2023	2022	2023	2022	2023	2022
Assets Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 1,391,146 312,489	\$ 1,328,965 122,582	\$ 40,615 -	\$ 40,790	\$ 1,431,761 <u>312,489</u>	\$ 1,369,755 122,582
Total assets	1,703,635	1,451,547	40,615	40,790	1,744,250	1,492,337
Liabilities Current	226,562	183,690			226,562	183,690
Net position Investment in capital assets, net Restricted Unrestricted	312,489 73,864 1,090,720	122,582 73,864 1,071,411	- - 40,615	- - 40,790	312,489 73,864 <u>1,131,335</u>	122,582 73,864 1,112,201
Total net position	1,477,073	1,267,857	40,615	40,790	1,517,688	1,308,647
Total liabilities and net position	\$ <u>1,703,635</u>	\$ <u>1,451,547</u>	\$ <u>40,615</u>	\$	\$ <u>1,744,250</u>	\$ <u>1,492,337</u>

Changes in Net Position

The following shows changes in the Township's net position for the year ended March 31, 2022, compared to March 31, 2021:

	_	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities				_	Total			
		Ma	rch :	31,	March 31,					March 31,		
		2023		2022		2023	2	2022		2023		2022
Revenues												
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	158,378	\$	168,080	\$	4,320	\$	4,320	\$	162,698	\$	172,400
Capital grants and contributions		127,000		-		-		-		127,000		-
General revenues:												
Property taxes		117,722		111,544		-		-		117,722		111,544
State revenue sharing		350,909		351,128		-		-		350,909		351,128
Rentals and investment earnings		5,160		5,550		100		30		5,260		5,580
Miscellaneous	_	16,633	_	19,557	_	<u>-</u>			_	16,633		<u> 19,557</u>
Total revenues	_	775,802	_	655,859	_	4,420		<u>4,350</u>	_	780,222		660,209
Expenses												
General government		320,346		271,140		-		_		320,346		271,140
Public works		128,482		185,752		-		_		128,482		185,752
Community and economic development		3,522		2,630		-		-		3,522		2,630
Health and welfare		114,236		88,281		-		_		114,236		88,281
Sewer		<u> </u>		_	_	<u>4,595</u>		<u>4,945</u>	_	4,595	_	4,945
Total expenses	_	<u>566,586</u>	_	547,803	_	4,595		<u>4,945</u>	_	<u>571,181</u>	_	552,748
Change in net position	\$	209,216	\$_	108,056	\$_	(175)	\$	(595)	\$_	209,041	\$	107,461

Governmental Activities

The result of fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, governmental activities was an increase of \$209,216 in net position to \$1,477,073. Of the total governmental activities net position \$312,489 is invested in capital assets. The restricted fund balance was \$73,864. The balance of \$1,090,720 is listed as unrestricted, having no legal commitment.

Revenues

The three largest revenue categories were state-shared revenue at 45.2%, charges for services at 20.4% and capital grants at 16.4%. The largest was state funding through the state revenue sharing program. The second largest, charges for services consist of special assessments and other charges. The third largest, capital grants, came from funding through ARPA.

Expenses

General government is the largest activity, expending approximately 56.5% of the governmental activities total on items such as financial administration, cemetery, hall, and grounds. Public works is the second largest activity, expending approximately 22.7% of the governmental activities total and includes road and drain maintenance and improvement activities. Health and welfare is the third largest activity, expending approximately 20.2% of the governmental activities total in ambulance service.

Business-Type Activities

During the fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, net position in business-type activities decreased by \$175. Of the business-type activities net position, \$40,615 is listed as unrestricted, having no legal commitment.

Financial Analysis of the Township's Major and Nonmajor Funds

As the Township completed its fiscal year ended March 31, 2023, its governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$1,164,584. This is a net increase of \$19,309. The net changes are summarized in the following chart:

	General Fund	Special Assessment Fund	Nonmajor Governmental Fund		
Fund balance 3/31/23	\$ 1,008,800	\$ 90,083	\$ 65,701		
Fund balances 3/31/22	<u>987,075</u>	<u>89,578</u>	68,622		
Net change	\$ <u>21,725</u>	\$ <u>505</u>	\$ <u>(2,921)</u>		

General Fund

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the Township. Unless otherwise required by statute, contractual agreement, or Board policy, all Township revenues and expenditures are recorded in the General Fund. As of March 31, 2023, the General Fund reported an unassigned fund balance of \$290,054. This amount is an increase of \$20,076 from the unassigned fund balance of \$310,130 reported as of March 31, 2022. The original budget called for an increase of \$512,711 in fund balance.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

The Township's budget is a dynamic document. Although adopted prior to April 1 each year, the budget is routinely amended during the course of the year to reflect changing operational demands.

Actual General Fund revenue totaled \$645,390, \$184,770 more than the final amended budget.

Actual Township expenditures for the year ended March 31, 2023 were \$327,941 under budget. General Fund actual expenditures came in at \$623,665, and the final budgeted amount was \$951,606.

Special Assessment Fund

As of March 31, 2023, the Special Assessment Fund reported a fund balance of \$90,083, an increase of \$505 from the prior year. Actual revenues were up compared to budget as they had a higher amount assessed during the year. The fund expended \$84,047 less than was budgeted.

Capital Assets

As of the end of the fiscal year, the Township's primary government had invested \$312,489, net of accumulated depreciation, in a broad range of capital assets (see table below). Accumulated depreciation was \$449,453 for the primary government. Depreciation charges for the fiscal year totaled \$14,636 for the primary government. Additional information related to capital assets is detailed in Note 5 of the Financial Statements. Net book value of capital assets as of March 31, 2023 was as follows:

	Governmen <u>Activities</u>		
Land	\$	22,500	
Land improvements, net	*	175,087	
Buildings, net		99,807	
Cemetery equipment, net		-	
Furniture and fixtures, net		8,460	
Public infrastructure, net		6,63 <u>5</u>	
Capital assets, net	\$	312,489	

Township of Perry Government Economic Outlook

Revenue sharing is the most significant budgetary concern currently. The State of Michigan determines the annual revenue sharing, which is outside the Township's control.

Other factors that the township is aware of:

- Property tax revenue does seem to be keeping pace with inflation.
- Utility costs are rising faster than the rate of inflation.

The Township's goal is to continually look for the most efficient and effective methods to maintain and enhance the services that are provided to the public. The Township has a conservative and financially prudent budget for the fiscal year 2023 that also promotes and funds numerous project objectives. The Township has deliberately made conservative estimates concerning state revenue sharing for the fiscal year due to the budget constraints at the State level. It has also estimated investment earnings conservatively anticipating a small increase in interest rates.

Contacting the Township's Management

This financial report is intended to provide our citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors with a general overview of the Township's finances and demonstrate the Township's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, we encourage you to contact a Township official at the Township Hall at (517) 625-4597.

	Governmental Activities	Business Activities	Total	Component Unit
Assets				
Cash	\$ 860,020	39,821	899,841	254,795
Investments	471,786	-	471,786	-
Receivables				
Accounts	-	540	540	-
Taxes	8,268	254	8,522	-
State	51,072		51,072	
	1,391,146	40,615	1,431,761	254,795
Non-Current Assets				
Capital assets:	00 500		00.500	
Not being depreciated	22,500	-	22,500	- 07 207
Being depreciated, Net	289,989	-	289,989	87,207
	312,489		312,489	87,207
Total Assets	1,703,635	40,615	1,744,250	342,002
Liabilities and Fund Balance				
Liabilities				
Accounts payable	1,277	-	1,277	-
Payroll liabilities	2,443	-	2,443	-
Hall deposit liability	3,049	-	3,049	-
Unearned revenue	219,793		219,793	
Total liabilities	226,562		226,562	
Net Position				
Investment in				
capital assets	312,489	-	312,489	87,207
Restricted	73,864	-	73,864	-
Unrestricted	1,090,720	40,615	1,131,335	254,795
	\$ 1,477,073	40,615	1,517,688	342,002

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

					 Criari	ges in Net i Ositioi	<u> </u>	
			Program Revenues		Prin	nary Government		
		Expenses	Charges For Services	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Component Unit
Functions/programs Primary government Governmental activities								
General government	\$	320,346	25,719	127,000	(167,627)	_	(167,627)	_
Public works	Ψ	128,482	132,659	-	4,177	_	4,177	_
Community and economic development		3,522	-	-	(3,522)	-	(3,522)	-
Health and welfare		114,236	-		(114,236)		(114,236)	-
Total governmental activities	;	566,586	158,378	127,000	(281,208)		(281,208)	
Business-type activities								
Sewer fund		4,595	4,320			(275)	(275)	
Total primary government		571,181	162,698	127,000	(281,208)	(275)	(281,483)	
Component unit								
Downtown development authority	\$	19,295						(19,295)
	Gen	eral Revenues						
	Ta	axes and penal	ties		117,722	-	117,722	39,825
	St	tate shared rev	enue		350,909	-	350,909	-
	In	vestment incon	ne		610	100	710	439
	H	all rental			4,550	-	4,550	-
	0	ther revenues			16,633	_	16,633	2,752
		Total genera	l revenues		490,424	100	490,524	43,016
	Cha	inge in net posi	ition		209,216	(175)	209,041	23,721
		position, April			1,267,857	40,790	1,308,647	318,281
	Net	position, Marcl	h 31		\$ 1,477,073	40,615	1,517,688	342,002

		General Fund	Special Assessment Fund	Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds		
Assets								
Cash	\$	758,634	87,585	13,801		860,020		
Investments		419,886	-	51,900		471,786		
Receivables								
Taxes		4,493	3,775	-		8,268		
State		51,072	-			51,072		
	\$	1,234,085	<u>91,360</u>	65,701		<u>1,391,146</u>		
Liabilities and Fund Balance	9							
Accounts payable	\$	_	1,277	_		1,277		
Payroll liabilities	Ψ	2,443	-	-		2,443		
Hall deposit liability		3,049	_	_		3,049		
Unearned revenue		219,793	-	-		219,793		
						<u> </u>		
		225,285	1,277	-		226,562		
Fund Balance								
Restricted		73,864	_	_		73,864		
Committed		579,508	90,083	65,701		735,292		
Assigned		65,374	· -	-		65,374		
Unassigned		290,054				290,054		
		1,008,800	90,083	65,701		1,164,584		
	\$	<u>1,234,085</u>	<u>91,360</u>	<u>65,701</u>		1,391,146		
Total fund balance - govern	menta	al funds			\$	1,164,584		
Amounts reported for governing the statement of net po			ecause:					
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported as assets in governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$761,942								
and the accumula						312,489		
Total net position of governmental activities \$								

		General	Special Assessment	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	
Revenues						
Taxes and penalties	\$	117,722	-	-	117,722	
Special assessments		-	132,659	-	132,659	
State-shared revenue		350,909	-	-	350,909	
Grant revenue		127,000	-	-	127,000	
Charges for services		24,269	-	1,450	25,719	
Interest income		4,878	103	22	5,003	
Hall rental		4,550	-	-	4,550	
Unrealized loss on investments		-	-	(4,393)	(4,393)	
Other revenues		16,062	571		16,633	
		645,390	133,333	(2,921)	775,802	
Expenditures						
General government		510,708	-	-	510,708	
Public works		108,835	19,192	-	128,027	
Health and welfare		600	113,636	-	114,236	
Economic development		3,522			3,522	
		623,665	132,828		756,493	
Change in fund balance		21,725	505	(2,921)	19,309	
Fund balance, April 1		987,075	89,578	68,622	1,145,275	
Fund balance, March 31	\$	1,008,800	90,083	65,701	1,164,584	
Net changes in fund balance - total governmental funds \$						

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives.

Capital outlays Less: current year depreciation	 204,543 (14,636)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 209,216

Current assets: Cash	\$ 39,821
Receivables Accounts Other	540 54
	\$ 40,615
Net Position Unrestricted	\$ 40,615

Operating revenue Charges for services	\$ 4,320
Operating expense Public works	4,595
Operating loss	(275)
Nonoperating revenue Interest income	100
Change in net position Net Position, April 1	(175) <u>40,790</u>
Net Position, March 31	\$ 40,615

Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts from customers \$	3	4,320
Payments to suppliers		(4,595)
Net cash used in operating activities		(275)
Cash flows from investing activities		
Investment income - Interest		100
Net change in cash		(175)
Cash, April 1		39,996
Cash, March 31	3	39,821
Reconciliation of operating loss		
to net cash from operating activities		
Operating loss \$	3	(275)
Net cash used in operating activities \$	5	(275)

Township of Perry Statement of Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund - Custodial March 31, 2023

Assets Cash Accounts receivable	\$ 6,588 <u>48</u>
	\$ 6,636
Liabilities Due to other governments	\$ 6,636

Township of Perry Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position – Fiduciary Fund - Custodial For the Year Ended March 31, 2023

Additions		
Receipt of property taxes	\$	4,137,856
Deductions		
Payment of property tax to other government	_	4,137,856
Change in fiduciary net position		-
Fiduciary net position, April 1	_	
Fiduciary net position, March 31	\$	_
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· -	

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

The Township of Perry (the "Township") operates under an elected Township Board, which consists of five members. The Township provides services to its more than 4,000 residents in many areas including public safety, fire protection, planning, and general and administrative services.

The accounting policies of the Township of Perry conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

Reporting Entity

The Township has considered all potential component units in evaluating how to define the Township for financial reporting purposes. The decision to include a potential component unit in the reporting entity was made by applying the criteria set forth in Statement No. 14 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB), *The Financial Reporting Entity*. The basic criteria include the appointment of a voting majority of the governing board of the unit, legal separation of the Township and the component unit, fiscal independence of the unit, whether exclusion of the unit would make the Township's financial statements misleading, and whether there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to or impose specific financial burdens on the Township.

The financial entity of the Township of Perry includes all funds and account groups of the Township.

Discretely Presented Component Unit

The Downtown Development Authority, which was established pursuant to the provisions of Michigan Law (MCL 397.210), is governed by nine board members. Board members are appointed by the Township Board. The Downtown Development Authority is fiscally dependent upon the Township because the Board approves its budget, levies taxes, and must approve any debt issuance.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government of the Township of Perry. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely, to a significant extent, on fees and charges for services. The primary government of the Township of Perry in reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the Township of Perry the primary government, is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental and enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. The proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements are also reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are reported when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenues as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. The length of time used for "available" for purposes of revenue recognition in the governmental fund financial statements is 60 days. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures and compensated absences, and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees, licenses and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Only the portion of special assessments receivable due within the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual as revenue of the current period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Township of Perry.

The Township of Perry reports the following major governmental funds:

- The General Fund is the Township's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those to be accounted for in another fund.
- Special Assessment Fund is used to account for monies received and disbursed for maintenance of the street lights, Thornapple Road maintenance, and ambulance services.

The Township of Perry reports the following nonmajor governmental funds:

• The Cemetery Fund is used to account for monies received and disbursed for the maintenance of the Township's cemetery.

The Township of Perry reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Sewer Fund accounts for sewer services to some of the residents of the Township. All
activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including but not
limited to administration and operations.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from provided services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expense for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Additionally, the Township of Perry reports the following fiduciary fund:

• The Tax Distribution Fund, a custodial fund, is used to receive the Township's current tax and to distribute such monies to the local school districts, State, County, and Township Funds.

Cash and Investments

The Township's cash is considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and non-negotiable certificates of deposit with an original maturity of three months or less. All investments are stated at fair market value.

Receivables

Receivables have been recognized for all significant amounts due the Township for charges for services, special assessments, and other various receivables. No allowances have been made for uncollectible amounts, because if they remain unpaid, most delinquent receivables can be added to the tax roll and become a lien against the property.

Due from Other Governmental Units

Due from other governmental units consists of amounts due from the State of Michigan for various payments.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment is reported in the applicable governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are not recorded in the governmental funds. Instead, capital assets are reflected as expenditures in the governmental funds when purchased or constructed. Capital assets are defined by the Township of Perry as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value on the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the assets or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets used is charged as an expense against their operations in government-wide statements and all proprietary financial statements. Accumulated depreciation is reported on the government-wide and proprietary statement of net position. The straight-line deprecation method is applied over the estimated useful life of capital assets.

Estimated useful lives for capital assets are displayed in the table below:

Asset Class	Depreciable Life
Land	n/a
Buildings	40 years
Cemetery equipment	7-15 years
Office equipment	7 years
Furniture and fixtures	5-7 years
Infrastructure	5-30 years

Long-Term Liabilities

In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations, if any, are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities and business-type activities or proprietary fund type statement of net position. In governmental fund statements, reported when due for payment.

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position and balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position/fund balance that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until then.

At the end of the current fiscal year, there was no deferred inflows or outflows.

Fund Balance

The Township has implemented GASB issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund-type Definitions. The objective of this statement is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund-type definitions. This statement establishes fund balance classifications that comprise a hierarchy based primarily on the extent to which a government is bound to observe constraints imposed on the use of the resources reported in governmental funds. Under this standard, the fund balance classifications of reserved, designated, and unreserved/undesignated were replaced with five new classifications – non-spendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned.

The following classifications describe the relative strength of the spending constraints:

- Non-spendable fund balance (such as inventory, prepaid expenditures, or long-term receivables) –
 Amounts that are not in spendable form or are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.
- Restricted fund balance Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as taxpayers, grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.
- Committed fund balance Amounts constrained to specific purposes by the Township itself, using its
 highest level of decision-making authority (Board Township). To be reported as committed, amounts
 cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Township takes the same highest-level action to
 remove or change the constraint.
- Assigned fund balance Amounts the Township intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be
 expressed by the Board of Trustees or by an official or body to which the Board of Trustees delegates
 the authority.
- Unassigned fund balance Amounts that do not fall into any other category above. This is the
 residual classification for amounts in the General Fund and represents fund balance that has not
 been assigned to other funds and has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific
 purposes in the General Fund. In other governmental funds, only negative unassigned amounts are
 reported, if any, and represent expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceeding the amounts
 previously restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes.

The Township would typically use restricted fund balance first, followed by committed resources and then assigned resources as appropriate opportunities arise, but reserves the right to selectively spend unassigned resources first to defer the use of those classified funds.

Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is divided into three components.

- Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt This category consists of the historical cost
 of capital assets less accumulated depreciation and less any debt that remains outstanding
 that was used to finance those assets.
- Restricted Net Assets Net assets are considered restricted if their use is constrained to a
 particular purpose. Restrictions are imposed by external organization such as federal or state
 laws.
- Unrestricted All other net assets are reported in this category.

Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Michigan Public Act 621 of 1978, Section 18(1), as amended, provides that a local unit shall not incur expenditures in excess of the amount appropriated in budget resolutions of the governing body.

In the require supplementary information schedules, the Township's actual expenditures and budgeted expenditures for the budgetary funds have been shown on a functional basis. The approved budgets of the Township for those budgetary funds are adopted at the activity level.

During the fiscal year, the Township had board of review expenditures in excess of budgeted amounts by \$203.

The Township's appropriation resolution is generally passed during the March preceding the year in which the planned expenditures relate. Subsequent amendments are made to avoid unfavorable variances from the original budget. Related resolutions state the purpose and amount of the budget changes. The Township Supervisor has the responsibility to enforce the budget. Unused appropriations do not carry forward to the next fiscal year.

Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Statement of Cash Flows

In the statement of cash flows, all highly liquid investments (including restricted assets) with a maturity of three months or less when purchased are defined as cash equivalents.

2. PROPERTY TAXES:

The 2022 property tax revenue includes property taxes levied principally on December 1, 2022, and substantially collected in February, 2023. The total 2023 levy for the Township was \$98,842 for general operating purposes.

The Township is authorized by Municipal Finance Law of the State to levy taxes up to \$1.00 per \$1,000 of assessed valuation for general governmental operating purposes.

Although the local governmental unit's 2022 ad valorem tax is levied and collectible of December 1, 2022, it is the local governmental unit's policy to recognize revenue from the current tax levy in the subsequent year or the current year when the proceeds of this levy are budgeted and made "available" for the financing of operations. "Available" means collected within the current period or expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period (60 days).

The 2022 taxable valuation of the local governmental unit totaled an estimated \$107,323,120, on which Ad valorem taxes levied consisted of .9630 mills for local governmental operating purposes. These amounts are recognized in the respective General Fund financial statements as property tax revenue.

Pertinent tax dates are as follows:

 Lien date
 12/01/22

 Levy date
 12/01/22

 Due date without penalty
 02/14/23

 Collection date
 12/01/22 – 02/28/23

3. CASH AND INVESTMENTS:

Act 196, P. A. 1997, authorizes the Township to deposit and invest in the following:

- 1. Bonds, securities and other obligations of the United States or an agency or instrumentality of the United States.
- 2. Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, deposit accounts, or depository receipts of state or federally chartered savings and loan association, savings bank or credit union whose deposits are insured by an agency of the United States government and which maintains a principal office or branch office located in this State, under the laws of the State or the United States, but only if the bank, savings and loan association, savings bank, or credit union is eligible to be depository of surplus funds belonging to the State under section 5 or 6 of Act 105, P.A. 1855, as amended (MCL 21.145 and 21.146).
- 3. Commercial paper rated at the time of purchase within the three (3) highest classifications established by not less than two (2) standard rating services and which matures not more than 270 days after the date of purchase.
- 4. The United States government or federal agency obligation repurchase agreements.
- 5. Bankers acceptances of United States banks.
- 6. Mutual fund composed of investment vehicles which are legal for direct investment by local units of government in Michigan.

government in wi	onigan.	Book Balance	Bank Balance	FDIC/SIPC Insured
Cash deposits Investments		\$ 1,161,224 471,786	\$ 1,176,530 471,786	\$ 680,750 471,786
		\$ <u>1,633,010</u>	\$ <u>1,648,316</u>	\$ <u>1,152,536</u>
Financial statement prese	ntation:			
	Cash and Cash Equivalents	Investments (Certificates of Deposit)	Investments (Marketable Securities)	Total
Governmental funds Proprietary funds Fiduciary funds Component units	\$ 860,020 39,821 6,588 	\$ 419,886 - - -	\$ 51,900 - - -	\$ 1,331,806 39,821 6,588
	\$_1,161,224_	\$ 419,886	\$51,900	\$_1,633,010

Deposits

There is a custodial credit risk as it relates to deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Township's deposits may not be returned to it. As of March 31, 2023, the carrying amount of the Township's deposits were \$1,633,010 and the bank balance was \$1,648,316, of which \$1,152,536 was covered by federal depository insurance or Securities Investor Protection Corp. The remaining balance of \$495,780 was uninsured and uncollateralized.

Due to significantly higher cash flow at certain periods during the year, the amount the Township held as cash and cash equivalents increased significantly. As a result, the amount of uninsured and uncollateralized cash and cash equivalents were substantially higher at these peak periods than at year-end.

Investments

As of March 31, 2023, the carrying amounts and market values for the investments were as follows:

Investment	Carrying	Weighted Average			
Туре	Amount	Maturity	· ·		
U.S. Treasury Bonds	\$ <u>51,900</u>	7 years	100%		

Fair Value Measurements

The Township is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.
- Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayments speeds, credit risk and others.
- Level 3: Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant, unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the Township's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The Township has the following recurring fair value measurements as of March 31, 2023:

Assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis

Fair Value Measurement Using				
	Balance March	Quoted Prices In Active Markets for Identical Assets	Significant Other Observable Inputs	Significant Unobservable Inputs
	March 31, 2023	(Level 1)	(Level 2)	(Level 3)
U.S. Treasury Bonds	\$ <u>51,900</u>	51,900		

Interest Rate Risk

The Township has a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The Township made no investments that have interest rate risk during the current fiscal year.

Credit Risk

Statutes limit investments as stated above. The Township's investment policy limits its investment choices beyond the statute. The Township's investment policy limits investments to the top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. The authority to make investment decisions has been granted to the Treasurer.

Concentration of Credit Risk

State law limits allowable investments but does not limit concentration of credit risk as identified in the list of authorized investments above. The Township's investment policy does not have specific limits in excess of state law on concentration of credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the government's deposits may not be returned to it. The government does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

4. CAPITAL ASSETS:

A summary of changes in governmental capital assets are as follows:

	Balance, April 1	Additions	Deletions	Balance, March 31
Capital assets not				
being depreciated	\$ 22.500			22 500
Land	\$ 22,500	-	-	22,500
Capital assets being depreciated				
Buildings and improvements	335,905	23,418	-	359,323
Cemetery equipment	42,509	-	-	42,509
Furniture and fixtures	142,845	-	-	142,845
Land improvements	-	181,125	-	181,125
Public infrastructure	13,640	_	=	13,640
Total capital assets				
being depreciated	534,899	204,543		739,442
Less: accumulated depreciation				
Buildings and improvements	254,022	5,494	-	259,516
Cemetery equipment	42,509	-	-	42,509
Furniture and fixtures	131,735	2,650	-	134,385
Land improvements	-	6,038	-	6,038
Public infrastructure	6,551	<u>454</u>		7,005
Total accumulated				
depreciation	434,817	<u> 14,636</u>	-	449,453
Total capital assets being				
depreciated - net	100,082	189,907	-	289,989
Net capital assets	\$ <u>122,582</u>	<u> 189,907</u>	_	312,489

Depreciation expense for the governmental activities was charged to the following functions and activities of the primary government:

Governmental Activity	Amount
General government Public works	\$ 14,182 454
Total	\$ <u>14,636</u>

A summary of changes in component unit assets are as follows:

	Balance, April 1	Additions	Deletions	Balance, March 31
Capital assets being depreciated Street lights	\$ <u>113,004</u>	\$ <u>-</u>	\$	\$ <u>113,004</u>
Less: accumulated depre	ciation 20,146	<u>5,651</u>	_	25,797
Net capital assets	\$ <u>92,858</u>	\$(<u>5,651)</u>	\$	\$ <u>87,207</u>

5. DETAILS OF FUND BALANCE CATEGORIES AND CLASSIFICATIONS:

				Other	
		General	Special	Governmental	
		Fund	Assessment	Fund	Total
Fund balances					
Restricted for					
Roads	\$	73,864	-	-	\$ 73,864
Committed for					
Roads		171,444	-	-	171,444
Utility expansion		180,607	-	-	180,607
Improvement		113,358	-	-	113,358
Land and Building		114,099	-	-	114,099
Special Assessments		-	90,083	-	90,083
Cemetery		-	-	65,701	65,701
Assigned					
Investment		65,374	-	-	65,374
Unassigned	_	290,054	_		 290,054
Total fund					
balances	\$_	1,008,800	90,083	65,701	\$ 1,164,584

6. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Township is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. It is the policy of the Township to purchase commercial insurance for most risks of loss to which it is exposed.

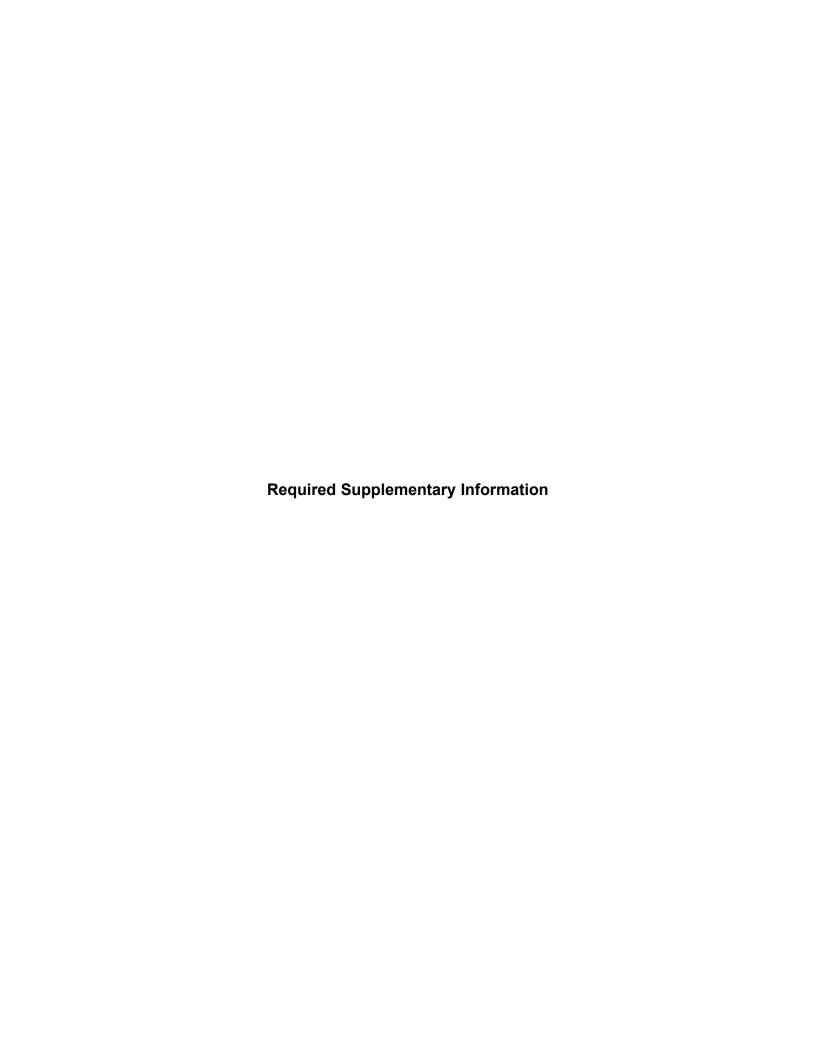
7. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN:

Plan Description

The Township started a defined contribution pension plan on July 1, 1991 for all officials and employees that earn greater than \$600 and are not temporary employees, such as, but not limited to, election workers. The plan is administered by the Township through Municipal Retirement System (MRS), an agent multiple-employer defined contribution pension plan that covers all employees of the Township, unless specifically exempted, with more than one year of service. MRS is authorized and operated under State law, Act 135 of the Public Acts of 1945 as amended. The system provides retirement, disability and death benefits to plan members and their beneficiaries. The current plan is a defined contribution plan requiring contribution by the Township of 15% of each employee's base salary.

Annual Pension Cost

For the year ended March 31, 2023, the Township's pension contribution of \$16,680 for the plan was equal to the Township's required contribution.



	<u>-</u>	Budget A		Variance Favorable	
		Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues					
Taxes and penalties	\$	109,500	109,500	117,722	8,222
State-shared revenue		4,750	4,750	350,909	346,159
Grant revenue				127,000	127,000
Charges for services		322,000	322,000	24,269	(297,731)
Metro Act		4,000	4,000	4,218	218
Trailer tax		1,650	1,650	1,841	191
Franchise fees		300	300	4,150	3,850
Other revenues		7,000	7,000	5,853	(1,147)
Interest		2,420	2,420	4,878	2,458
Hall rental		9,000	9,000	4,550	(4,450)
		460,620	460,620	645,390	184,770
Expenditures					
Township board		8,600	8,600	5,626	2,974
Supervisor		22,400	22,400	20,978	1,422
Elections		22,600	22,600	21,062	1,538
Tax preparation		13,500	13,500	11,308	2,192
Assessor		29,200	29,200	27,264	1,936
Professional fees		11,500	11,500	5,700	5,800
Clerk		35,700	35,700	32,464	3,236
Board of review		2,150	2,150	2,353	(203)
Treasurer		35,700	35,700	31,552	4,148
Building and grounds		214,300	245,300	237,005	8,295
Cemetery		65,600	65,600	63,873	1,727
General government		330,406	326,406	51,523	274,883
Emergency services		3,000	3,000	600	2,400
Planning Commission		4,950	4,950	3,522	1,428
Drains at large		15,000	15,000	3,702	11,298
Roads		110,000	110,000	105,133	4,867
		924,606	951,606	623,665	327,941
Change in fund balance		(463,986)	(490,986)	21,725	\$ 512,711
Fund balance, April 1		987,075	987,075	987,075	
Fund balance, March 31	\$	523,089	496,089	1,008,800	

		Budgeted	Amounts		Variance Favorable
	_	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)
Revenues		Original		- / totadi	(Cinavorable)
Special assessments	\$	129,400	129,400	132,659	3,259
Interest	•	1_0,100	,	103	103
Other revenue		<u>475</u>	<u>475</u>	<u>571</u>	96
			400.0==		
		129,875	129,875	133,333	3,458
Expenditures					
Thornapple Drive		10,000	10,000	4,976	5,024
Clifford Fields lights		4,200	4,200	3,682	518
Bennett Drive lights		600	600	567	33
Rose Blvd lights		2,300	2,300	1,980	320
Lansing Road lights		4,400	4,400	5,142	(742)
Lights at large		3,250	3,250	2,845	405
Ambulance		115,000	115,000	113,636	1,364
Contingency		77,12 <u>5</u>	<u>77,125</u>		77,125
		216,875	216,875	132,828	84,047
Change in fund balance		(87,000)	(87,000)	505	\$ 87,505
Fund balance, April 1		89,578	89,578	89,578	
Fund balance, March 31	\$	2,578	2,578	90,083	



Accete		General Fund	Land and Building Fund	Road Fund	Improvement Fund	ARPA Fund	Total
Assets Cash	\$	239,605	53,785	245,308		219,936	758,634
Investments	Ф	239,603 246,214	60,314	245,306	- 113,358	219,930	419,886
Taxes receivable		4,493	00,314	-	113,330	-	4,493
Due from State		51,07 <u>2</u>	-	-	<u>-</u>	-	51,072
Due II offi State		31,072	<u>-</u>		<u>-</u>		51,072
	\$	541,384	114,099	245,308	113,358	219,936	1,234,085
Liabilities							
Payroll liabilities	\$	2,443	-	-	-	-	2,443
Deposit payable		3,049	-	-	-	-	3,049
Unearned revenue		-	-		-	219,793	219,793
		5,492	-		-	219,793	225,285
Fund Balance							
Restricted		-	-	73,864	-	-	73,864
Committed		180,607	114,099	171,444	113,358	-	579,508
Assigned		65,374	-	-	-	-	65,374
Unassigned		289,911		-	-	143	290,054
		535,892	114,099	245,308	113,358	143	1,008,800
	\$	541,384	114,099	245,308	113,358	219,936	1,234,085

	General Fund	Land and Building	Road Fund	Improvement Fund	ARPA Fund	Total
Revenues:						
Taxes and penalties	\$ 117,722	-	-	-	-	117,722
State-shared revenue	350,909	-	-	-	-	350,909
Grant revenue	-	-	-	-	127,000	127,000
Charges for services	24,269	-	-	-	-	24,269
Interest	3,646	733	365	12	122	4,878
Hall rental	4,550	-	-	-	_	4,550
Other revenues	16,062					16,062
	517,158	733	365	12	127,122	645,390
Expenditures:						
Township board	5,626	-	_	-	-	5,626
Supervisor	20,978	_	-	-	_	20,978
Elections	21,062	_	-	_	_	21,062
Tax preparation	11,308	_	_	_	_	11,308
Assessor	27,264	_	_	_	_	27,264
Professional services	5,700	_	_	_	_	5,700
Clerk	32,464	_	_	_	_	32,464
Board of review	2,353	_	_	_	_	2,353
Treasurer	31,552	_	_	_	_	31,552
Building and grounds	237,005	_	_	_	_	237,005
Cemetery	63,873	_	_	_	_	63,873
General government	51,518	_	_	_	5	51,523
Emergency services	600	_	_	_	_	600
Planning Commission	3,522	_		_	_	3,522
Drains at large	3,702	-	-	-	-	3,702
Roads	105,133	_	_	_	_	105,133
Roaus	100,100					100,100
	623,660				5	623,665
Excess of revenue						
over expenditures	(106,502)	733	365	12	127,117	21,725
Other financing						
sources (uses)						
Operating transfer in (out)	87,000		40,000		<u>(127,000</u>)	
Change in fund balance	(19,502)	733	40,365	12	117	21,725
Fund balance, April 1	555,394	113,366	204,943	113,346	26	987,075
Fund balance, March 31	\$ 535,892	114,099	245,308	113,358	143	1,008,800



